

 1. What is our purpose? To inquire into the following: Who We Are An inquiry into the nature of the self; beliefs and values; personal, physical, mental, social, and spiritual health; human relationships including families, friends, communities, and cultures; rights and responsibilities; what it means to be human. • central idea Characteristics and preferences determine individual uniqueness. 	Class/grade: Kindergarten Age group: 5-6 yrs School: Edgar Allan Poe Elementary School code: 49497 Title: Alike and different Teacher(s): Antonia Adams, Kathy Blake, Alicia Carranza, Morgan Ray, Tere Robinson, Wendy Ulrich Date: September – October 2020 Proposed duration: 70 hours over number of weeks- 5
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1b) Summative assessment task(s):	2. What do we want to learn?
What are the possible ways of assessing students' understanding of the central idea? What evidence, including student-initiated actions, will we look for?	What are the key concepts (form, function, causation, change, connection, perspective, and responsibility, reflection) to be emphasized within this inquiry?
Students will create a two-sided foldable to assess how they are alike and different from a classmate. Each student will present their own foldable to their peers. Students will be able to discuss and explain how they are unique based on their characteristics and preferences. Students will create a self-portrait to accurately depict themselves. A rubric will be used to assess student work. Possible student actions may include comparing their physical traits to that of their peers and learning to accept differences between each other.	Key Concepts Connection Perspective Change Related Concepts Culture Diversity What lines of inquiry will define the scope of the inquiry into the central idea? • Similarities and differences of people • Observations and comparisons of physical characteristics • How characteristics and preferences change over time What teacher questions/provocations will drive these inquiries? • What similarities and differences do you notice? • Are you a boy or a girl? • What is your favorite color? • What is your favorite color? • What is the best part of you? • What is the best part of you? • What if we all looked the same? Provocation: Teachers share their own (personal) "All About Me" books with their students.

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Planning the inquiry

3. How might we know what we have learned? This column should be used in conjunction with "How best might we learn?"	4. How best might we learn?
What are the possible ways of assessing students' prior knowledge and skills?	What are the learning experiences suggested by the teacher and/or students to encourage the students to engage with the inquiries and address the driving questions?
Oral questioning:	
- Teacher generated questions for group discussion	Read books and discuss attitudes and learner profile.
Have students draw a picture of themselves at the beginning of the unit.	Read "The Best Part of Me". Students will discuss the best parts of ourselves and record and
Creating anchor charts	graph their favorite parts of themselves using real pictures. Room parent will come in to take photos of the students' favorite parts of themselves.
 What do you know about yourself? (Origins of your name, birthdate, likes/dislikes, physical characteristics, etc.) 	Read "A My Name is Alice." Students will pick something that they like that begins with the same letter as their name that matches the book pattern. Students will work with book buddies
What evidence will we look for?	to generate what they like.
We will look at physical characteristics of each other. We will graph and analyze the data as a class. What are the possible ways of assessing student learning in the context of the lines of inquiry? What evidence will we look for?	Comparing the length of names by dotting letters using bingo daubers to demonstrate differences between names. Additionally, students will graph the number of letters in their name with the class to compare and contrast.
	Teacher will read " <u>Chicka Chicka Boom Boom</u> " and students create a coconut tree and attach the letters in their name using stickers or foam letters to reinforce the differences among names.
Graphs of physical descriptions.	
Students describe the changes that have occurred from birth to current age. Formative Assessment: Students will create a two-sided foldable that includes what they like when they were a baby and compare it to what they like now. Students will include a picture of them as a baby and of them now.	Students create a "Me" doll in writer's workshop that is decorated with things that represented who they are and what they like.
	Students compare birthdays by months using a graph.
	Students measure their heights and length of their feet using non-standard units of measurement to compare differences in their sizes.
	Students explore their five senses and create a flip book with examples of how they like using each sense.
	The art teacher will do a lesson on creating a full body self-portrait integrating shapes.
	In PE class, the teacher will call out characteristics. For example, blue eyes or blonde hair. The student with that characteristic will drop the parachute and run under it to the other side.
	Request the art teacher to give a directed drawing lesson to draw their self-portraits.
	The above learning experiences will provide for the development of the learner profile attributes, attitudes, and approaches to learning that are listed in box 7.
	Knowledge: learning how to graph data, understanding the five senses, understand the difference between physical characteristics and personal preferences
	Concepts: Change: Using the book <u>When I was Little</u> , students investigated into how we physically change over time. Perspective: Through the All About Me books, students were able to understand why some books become our favorite and why some colors become our favorite.

5. What resources need to be gathered?

What people, places, audio-visual materials, related literature, music, art, computer software, etc, will be available?

<u>The Best Part of Me</u> by Wendy Ewald, <u>A My name is Alice</u> book, <u>Families, Families, Families</u> book, <u>Chrysanthemum</u> book, <u>www.unitedstreaming.com</u>, teacher created scrapbook, <u>www.teacherspayteachers.com</u>, <u>www.pinterest.com</u>, <u>Chicka Boom Boom</u> book, <u>www.brainpopjr.com</u>, Dr. Jean 5 senses song, <u>My Five Senses</u> by Aliki, magnifying glasses, feeling box, hand held mirrors, <u>www.getepic.com</u>, <u>www.StorylineOnline.com</u>

How will the classroom environment, local environment, and/or the community be used to facilitate the inquiry? Students display their work inside the room and in the hallways.

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Reflecting on the inquiry

6. To what extent did we achieve our purpose?	To what extent did we include the elements of the PYP?What were the learning experiences that enabled students to:
Assess the outcome of the inquiry by providing evidence of students' understanding of the central idea. The reflections of all teachers involved in the planning and teaching of the inquiry	 develop an understanding of the concepts identified in "What do we want to learn?"
should be included.	Essential Elements:
	Knowledge: learning how to graph data, understanding the five senses, understand the difference between physical characteristics and personal preferences
The Me Dolls helped the children to understand the central idea. Students understand that	
they are unique from their classmates. Students understand the preferences aspect by completing the summative activity. When they present their me dolls, they talk about why it	Concepts: Change: Using the book <u>When I was Little</u> , students investigated into how we physically
looks a certain way or contains certain features.	change over time.
	Perspective: Through the All About Me books, students were able to understand why some books become our favorite and why some colors become our favorite.
***How you could improve on the assessment task(s) so that you would have a more accurate picture of	books become our lavonte and why some colors become our lavonte.
each student's understanding of the central idea?	Action: By understanding how we are all unique and have similarities and differences, the
Read <u>This is Me</u> book and adding a this is me bag activity: Students bring a brown paper bag	students learn how to appreciate others and develop tolerance.
with 3-5 things that reflect themselves and who they are. Students realized what they looked	demonstrate the learning and application of particular transdisciplinary skills?
like as babies has changed as to what they look like now.	Communication skills: communicating through discussion and learning how to write Thinking skills: comparing and contrasting physical attributes and personal preferences
Next year, have students do a gallery walk and see other student's work (Me Dolls, Self-	
Portrait). Invite parents to a Celebration of Learning at the end of the unit to see what students have accomplished in the Who We Are unit.	 develop particular attributes of the learner profile and/or attitudes?
	In each case, explain your selection.
Make an anchor chart for student-generated questions.	Curiosity: Students were curious about the nature of self. How are people alike and different? Commitment: Students were committed to their learning, showing self-discipline and
	responsibility.
***What was the evidence that connections were made between the central idea and the	Communicators: Students were able to discuss their experiences in an on-going way. Open-minded: listening to and respecting the preferences of others
transdisciplinary theme?	open minded. Insteming to and respecting the preferences of others
Using their five senses, the students discussed different taste preferences with the class.	
For example: After the initial taste test, we followed up with a class graph of "What is your	
favorite taste?" and children were able to make the connection that we all have different tastes.	
Students continued to use their five senses to describe, explore, and compare their different	
likes and dislikes with their peers.	
The activity of sharing their All About Me books meant that students are aware of how they	
are alike and how they are different.	
They used their five senses to explore how we are alike and different.	

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Reflecting on the inquiry

8. What student-initiated inquiries arose from the learning?	9. Teacher notes
 Record a range of student-initiated inquiries and student questions and highlight any that were incorporated into the teaching and learning. They asked each other questions during Me Doll presentations, such as why did you include this, or why did you choose that color? Why are some families different? How are we alike? How are we different? Why do some people have two moms or two dads? At this point teachers should go back to box 2 "What do we want to learn?" and highlight the	Include non-fiction books on five senses. Make sure to meet with the PE and Art teacher to discuss specific activities regarding characteristics. It would be very beneficial to have a Spanish teacher in Kindergarten to teach colors, body parts, and etc. to connect students' learning for this IB planner. Make sure that when we talk about "Who We Are,' we mention all the attitudes that are displayed. Students will collect four items from home that describe them. They shared with the class why each item was meaningful to them. Teacher can ask, "Tell me someone who likes to draw?"
teacher questions/provocations that were most effective in driving the inquiries.	each item was meaningful to them. Teacher can ask, Teil me someone who likes to draw?
What student-initiated actions arose from the learning?	
Record student-initiated actions taken by individuals or groups showing their ability to reflect, to choose and to act.	
Students brought in books that they enjoy and will share with the class.	
Some students generated original works reflecting their learning.	
Student Actions: Students bonded as result of making connections over similarities. Several students have shown acts of caring with other students at appropriate moments. Students had discussions about why we look different. Students recognized the differences among the class and developed tolerance, acceptance, and respect in regard to those differences.	

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